



GOVERNMENT OF PUDUCHERRY
DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT
STATE LEVEL ENVIRONMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY
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Director (DSTE) /
Member Secretary (SEIAA)

File No: 53918/SEIAA/PDY/2016/ 178

dated 17 JUN 2016

To
The Chairman,
Pondicherry Institute of Medical Sciences
Kalathumettupathai, Ganapathichettikulam,
Village No.20, Kalapet, Puducherry - 605 014

Sir,

Sub: SEIAA, Puducherry – Expansion of Super Specialty Building - Basement, OPD Extension - 4th & 5th floors, Lecture Hall - 2nd and 3rd floors of M/s. Pondicherry Institute of Medical Sciences – Environmental Clearance – Issued – Reg.

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This has reference to your Proposal No. SIA/PY/MIS/53918/2016 dated 19.05.2016 submitted to the State level Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA), Government of Puducherry for grant of Environmental Clearance (EC) in terms of the provisions of the Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) Notification, 2006 under the Environment (Protection), Act, 1986.

2. The details of the project, as per the documents submitted by the Project Proponents (PP) and also as informed during the SEAC / SEIAA meetings, are reported to be as under:-
- i) The proposal involves Expansion of Super Specialty Building – Basement, OPD Extension – 4th & 5th floors, Lecture Hall – 2nd and 3rd floors of Pondicherry Institute of Medical Sciences, Puducherry at Survey Nos. 7/1, 7/2, 7/3, 7/6, 7/7, 9/2,

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- 9/3, 9/4, 9/5, 9/6, 9/7, 9/8, 9/9, 9/10, 10/1, 10/2, 10/4, 10/5, 10/6, 11/1, 11/2, 11/3, 11/4, 12/1, 12/2, 12/3, 12/4, 12/5, 12/6, 12/7, 12/8, 12/9, 12/10, 13/3 in Ganapathichetrikulam Village, Oulgaret Taluk, Pondicherry District, Puducherry.
- ii) The total plot area is 130592 Sq. mts. The existing built up area is 55575.73 Sq.mts. and the built up area of the proposed additional construction is 5965.21 Sq.mts. Total built up Area is 61540.94 Sq. mts.
- iii) The capacity of the hospital is proposed to be increased from existing 640 beds to 900 beds i.e. 260 beds additional.
- iv) **Water Requirement:** The daily requirement of fresh water will be 650 KLD. Treated waste water of 509 KLD will be reused for flushing and gardening. The source of fresh water is from groundwater and rainwater harvesting structures.
- v) **Waste Water Management:** The sewage of 540 KLD generated from domestic & flushing during the operation phase will be treated up to the tertiary level in Sewage Treatment Plants (STP) of 400 KLD & 600 KLD capacity and reused for toilet flushing and greenbelt development. About 268 KLD water will be recycled for toilet flushing and 241KLD will be used for greenbelt.
- vi) **Rain Water Harvesting:** Rain water from roof tops will be drained through rain water vertical down take pipes. These vertical down take pipes shall be located at suitable locations inside the shafts or periphery of the building. The terrace will be sloped. The down take pipes will be connected to the storm water network and then to Rainwater Harvesting Pits. Roof top harvesting is also proposed.
- vii) **Solid Waste Management:** The generation of biodegradable waste is estimated to be 337.5 Kgs./day and it is proposed to be treated in Bio-methanation Plant. The generation of inorganic waste is estimated to be 412.5 Kgs./day and it is proposed to be disposed off through authorized recyclers. The STP sludge - 50 Kgs./day will be used as manure within the campus. Bio-medical 9170 Kgs./month - disposed to Puducherry Pollution Control Committee authorized Bio Medical Waste disposal facility at Thuthipet.
- viii) **Parking:** The campus has parking area for 400 cars and 600 two wheelers. 6 Ambulance are parked near the portico of the emergency building.

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- ix) **Energy Requirement:** The present power consumption is 1500 KVA. Additional power requirement would be 2000 KVA. This will be sourced from Puducherry Electricity Department. The energy saving measures would include use of solar energy for external lighting and water heaters, use of LED & CFL lamps, Energy Efficient appliances and timer switches and maximum utilization of natural light.
- x) **D.G. Sets:** 2 D.G Sets of capacity 1010 KVA and 750 KVA are existing. 1 D.G Sets of capacity 2000 KVA is proposed to be provided for power backup in case of power failure.
- xi) **Risk Management:** The project falls under seismic zone II according to the Indian Standard Seismic Zoning Map. However suitable seismic coefficients in horizontal and vertical directions will be adopted while designing the structures.
- xii) **SCZMA Recommendation:** Not required as the project does not fall under Coastal Regulation Zone.
- xiii) **Wildlife issues:** It is not located within 10 km of Eco-Sensitive areas.
- xiv) **Forests land:** No diversion of forest land in the project.
- xv) **Benefits of the project:** Employment opportunities will increase for the local people. infrastructure facilities like, road, water, transport, power, communication, education, health care by way of increase in additional income for the surrounding people.
- xvi) **Project Cost:** The total cost of the project is Rs. 19 Crores

3. The proposal was considered by the State Level Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC) in the 19th meeting held on 30.05.2016 and 31.05.2016 and recommended to SEIAA, Puducherry for grant of Environmental Clearance. The proposal was considered by SEIAA, Puducherry in the 15th Meeting held on 03.06.2016 and after detailed discussion the Authority decided to grant Environmental Clearance based on the recommendations of SEAC. Accordingly, Environmental Clearance is accorded to the above project under the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006 subject to the following Specific and General conditions:



PART A – SPECIFIC CONDITIONS:**I. Pre-Construction phase**

1. Consent to Establish shall be obtained from the Puducherry Pollution Control Committee and a copy shall be submitted to the SEIAA, Puducherry before taking up any construction activity at the site.
2. All other necessary statutory clearances as applicable to the project shall be obtained by project proponent from the concerned competent authorities.
3. The approval of the competent authority shall be obtained for structural safety of the buildings during earthquake, adequacy of fire fighting equipments, etc as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightning etc before commencement of the work.
4. All required sanitary and hygienic measures should be in place before starting construction activities and they have to be maintained throughout the construction phase.

II. Construction Phase

1. The Project Proponent shall strictly follow the guidelines issued vide MoEF&CC Office Memorandum No. 19-2/2013-IA.III dated 09.06.2015 for Sustainable Environmental Management of building and construction projects, in pursuance of Notification No. 3252 (E) dated 22.12.2014 under the EIA Notification, 2006.
2. All the labourers engaged for construction should be screened for health and adequately treated before and during their employment on the work at the site.
3. The entire water requirement during construction phase shall be met from Puducherry State Ground Water Authority authorised water suppliers.
4. Provision shall be made for the housing labour within the site with all necessary infrastructures and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
5. A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project site during the entire construction phase of the project.
6. Adequate drinking water and sanitary facilities should be provided for construction workers at the site. The treatment and disposal of waste water shall be through dispersion trench after treatment through septic tank. The MSW generated shall be disposed through Local Body and the identified dumpsite only.
7. Proper measures should be adopted to control dust emissions during construction phase.
8. The solid waste in the form of excavated earth excluding the top soil generated from the project activity shall be scientifically utilized for construction of approach roads and peripheral roads, as reported.
9. All the top soil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in horticulture/ landscape development within the project site.

10. Disposal of other construction debris during construction phase should not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed off only in approved sites, with the approval of Competent Authority with necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of the people.
11. Construction spoils, including bituminous materials and other hazardous materials, must not be allowed to contaminate watercourses. The dump sites for such materials must be secured so that they should not leach into the adjacent land / lake / stream etc.
12. Low Sulphur Diesel shall be used for operating diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase. The air and noise emission shall conform to the standards prescribed in the Rules under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, and the Rules framed thereon.
13. The diesel required for operating stand by DG sets shall be stored in underground tanks and if required, clearance from Chief Controller of Explosives shall be taken.
14. Vehicles hired for bringing construction materials to the site should be in good condition and should conform to air and noise emission standards, prescribed by PPCC/CPCB. The vehicles should be operated only during non-peak hours.
15. Ambient air and noise levels should conform to residential standards prescribed by the CPCB, both during day and night. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality should be closely monitored during the construction phase. The pollution abatement measures shall be strictly implemented.
16. Fly- Ash bricks should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly ash Notification of September, 1999 as amended.
17. Ready-mix concrete shall alone be used in building construction and necessary cube-tests should be conducted to ascertain their quality.
18. Storm water management around the site and on site shall be established by following the guidelines laid down by the storm water manual.
19. Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of premixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices prevalent.
20. Fixtures for showers, toilet flushing and drinking water should be of low flow type by adopting the use of aerators / pressure reducing devices / sensor based control.
21. Use of glass shall be reduced up to 40% to reduce the electricity consumption and load on air conditioning. If necessary, high quality double glass with special reflecting coating shall be used in windows.
22. Roof should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code by using appropriate thermal insulation material, to fulfill the requirement.
23. Opaque wall should meet prescribed requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code which is mandatory for all air conditioned spaces by use of appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill the requirement.
24. Adequate fire protection equipments and rescue arrangements should be made as per the prescribed standards.
25. Proper and free approach road for fire-fighting vehicles upto the buildings and for rescue operations in the event of emergency shall be made.
26. All Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) norms have to be adopted.



27. Personnel working in dusty areas should wear protective respiratory devices and they should also be provided with adequate training and information on safety and health aspects. Occupational health surveillance program of the workers should be undertaken periodically to observe any contractions due to exposure to dust and take corrective measures, if needed.
28. Periodical medical examination of the workers engaged in the project shall be carried out and records maintained. For the purpose, schedule of health examination of the workers should be drawn and followed accordingly. The workers shall be provided with personnel protective measures such as masks, gloves, boots etc.
29. A separate environmental management cell with suitable qualified personnel should be set-up under the control of a Senior Executive and the shortfall shall be strictly reviewed and addressed.
30. Regular supervision of the above and other measures for monitoring should be in place all through the construction phase, so as to avoid disturbance to all surroundings.
31. A report on the energy conservation measures conforming to energy conservation norms prescribed by the Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be prepared incorporating details about building materials & technology; R & U factors etc and submitted to the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority in three month's time.
32. The proponent should make separate allocation of funds for the installation and maintenance of proper Pollution Control Measures and the Environmental Measures and earmark separate staff for operation and maintenance of the control system.

III. Operation Phase/Post Construction Phase:

1. Consent to Operate, Bio-Medical Waste Authorization and Hazardous Waste Authorization shall be obtained from the Puducherry Pollution Control Committee and a copy shall be submitted to the SEIAA, Puducherry before commencement of Operation.
2. The total water requirement shall not exceed 650 KLD. Approval of State Ground Water Authority shall be obtained for drawing of Ground Water. Treated waste water shall be reused for toilet flushing and gardening to the maximum extent to reduce fresh water consumption as committed.
3. The ground water level and its quality shall be regularly monitored in consultation with State Ground Water Authority.
4. The Bio medical liquid waste generation shall not exceed 5 KLD and shall be treated in separate ETP. The domestic waste water generation shall not exceed 540 KLD and it shall be treated in the two STPs of capacity 600 KLD and 400 KLD respectively.
5. Treated sewage shall be recycled / reused for cooling make up water, flushing and horticulture within building premises. 'Zero' effluent discharge shall be adopted and no effluent will be discharged outside the premises.
6. The Project Proponent shall install STP / ETP as per details furnished.
7. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) / Effluent Treatment Plant (ETP) should be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard should be submitted to SEIAA before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated waste water shall conform to the norms and standards of the Puducherry Pollution Control

- Committee. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour and mosquito problem from STP.
8. The treated waste water shall be analysed through NABL / MoEF accredited lab and report shall be submitted every month to SEIAA and PPCC.
 9. The Proponent shall operate STP continuously by providing stand by DG set in case of power failure.
 10. The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Low Sulphur Diesel shall be used as fuel.
 11. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution.
 12. The Bio Medical Waste shall not exceed 9170 Kgs./month and shall be disposed to Puducherry Pollution Control Committee authorized Bio Medical Waste disposal facility.
 13. The project proponent shall take all necessary steps to ensure that bio-medical waste is handled without any adverse effect to human health and the environment and in accordance with the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016.
 14. The existing Bio-Medical Waste storage room shall be improved to maintain proper hygienic condition and to avoid outbreaks.
 15. The project proponent shall make a provision within the premises for a safe, ventilated and secured location for storage of segregated biomedical waste in colored bags or containers in the manner as specified in Schedule I of the Bio-Medical Wastes Management Rules, 2016 to ensure that there shall be no secondary handling, pilferage of recyclables or inadvertent scattering or spillage by animals and the bio-medical waste from such place or premises shall be directly transported in the manner as prescribed in these rules to the common bio-medical waste treatment facility or for the appropriate treatment and disposal, as the case may be, in the manner as prescribed in Schedule I of the said rules.
 16. The Project Proponent shall pre-treat the laboratory waste, microbiological waste, blood samples and blood bags through disinfection or sterilization on-site in the manner as prescribed by the World Health Organization (WHO) or National AIDs Control Organization (NACO) guidelines and then send to the common bio-medical waste treatment facility for final disposal.
 17. The Project Proponent shall phase out use of chlorinated plastic bags, gloves and blood bags before end of March 2018.
 18. The Project Proponent shall dispose of solid waste other than bio-medical waste in accordance with the provisions of respective waste management rules made under the relevant laws and amended from time to time.
 19. The Project Proponent shall not dispose treated bio-medical waste with municipal solid waste.
 20. A committee shall be constituted with Medical Superintendent as Head to monitor the effective implementation of Bio-Medical Waste Rules and proper training shall be given to all the staffs involved and records to be maintained.
 21. The Project Proponent shall provide training to all its health care workers and others, involved in handling of bio medical waste at the time of induction and thereafter at least once every year and the details of training programmes conducted, number of personnel

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trained and number of personnel not undergone any training shall be provided in the Annual Report

22. The Project Proponent shall immunize all its health care workers and others, involved in handling of bio-medical waste for protection against diseases including Hepatitis B and Tetanus that are likely to be transmitted by handling of bio-medical waste, in the manner as prescribed in the National Immunization Policy or the guidelines of the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare issued from time to time.
23. The Project Proponent shall establish a Bar-Code System for bags or containers containing bio-medical waste to be sent out of the premises or place for any purpose before end of March 2017.
24. The Project Proponent shall ensure segregation of liquid chemical waste at source and ensure pre-treatment or neutralization prior to mixing with other effluent generated from health care facilities. The Project Proponent shall ensure treatment and disposal of liquid waste in accordance with the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 (6 of 1974).
25. The Project Proponent shall ensure occupational safety of all its health care workers and others involved in handling of bio-medical waste by providing appropriate and adequate personal protective equipments.
26. The Project Proponent shall conduct health check up at the time of induction and at least once in a year for all its health care workers and others involved in handling of bio-medical waste and maintain the records for the same.
27. The Project Proponent shall maintain and update on day to day basis the bio-medical waste management register and display the monthly record on its website according to the bio-medical waste generated in terms of category and colour coding as specified in Schedule I of the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016.
28. The Project Proponent shall report major accidents including accidents caused by fire hazards, blasts during handling of bio-medical waste and the remedial action taken and the records relevant thereto, (including nil report) in Form I to the Puducherry Pollution Control Committee and also along with the annual report.
29. The Project Proponent shall make available the annual report on their web-site.
30. The Project Proponent shall establish a system to review and monitor the activities related to bio-medical waste management, either through an existing committee or by forming a new committee and the Committee shall meet once in every six months and the record of the minutes of the meetings of this committee shall be submitted along with the annual report to the Puducherry Pollution Control Committee.
31. Solid waste shall be properly collected, segregated and disposed as per Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016.
32. Organic waste shall be treated in Biogas plant and the gas generated shall be used as fuel for cooking.
33. Noise should be controlled to ensure that it does not exceed the prescribed standards. During night time the noise levels measured at the boundary of the building shall be restricted to the permissible levels to comply with the prevalent regulations.
34. The green belt of adequate width and density preferably with local species along the periphery of the plot shall be raised so as to provide protection against particulates and

- noise. Species with large potential for carbon capture shall be planted in the proposed green belt area.
35. Rain water harvesting for roof run-off and surface run-off, as plan submitted should be implemented. Adequate number of sumps shall be constructed for roof top rainwater harvesting so that 100% of the harvested water shall be reused. Before recharging the surface run off, pre-treatment with screens, settlers etc. must be done to remove suspended matter, oil and grease, etc. The Proponent shall provide adequate number of borewells / percolation pits/ etc. as committed. The borewells / percolation pits/ etc. for rainwater recharging should be kept at least 5 mts. above the highest ground water table.
 36. Application of solar energy should be incorporated for illumination of common areas, lighting for gardens and street lighting and for water heating to the maximum extent.
 37. Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/TFLs for lighting the areas outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning. Use CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off / sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines / rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.
 38. The Plastic wastes shall be segregated and disposed as per the provisions of Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016.
 39. The e - waste generated should be collected and disposed to a nearby authorized e-waste centre as per the E-waste Management Rules, 2016.
 40. Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site shall be avoided. Parking shall be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized. Parking plan to be as per MoEF & CC norms. The traffic department shall be consulted and any cost effective traffic regulative facility shall be met before commissioning.
 41. A First Aid Room shall be provided during operation of the project, with necessary equipments and life- saving medicines and should be manned all the 24 hours any day.
 42. The buildings should have adequate distance between them to allow free movement of fresh air and passage of natural light, air and ventilation.
 43. A separate environmental management cell with suitable qualified personnel should be set-up under the control of a Senior Executive, who will report directly to the Head of the Organization.

IV. Entire Life of the Project:

1. Renewal of Consent to Operate, Bio-Medical Waste Authorization and Hazardous Waste Authorization shall be obtained from the Puducherry Pollution Control Committee from time to time and a copy shall be submitted to the SEIAA, Puducherry.
2. The various returns to be filed under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Cess Act, 1977, Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 and Hazardous and Other Waste (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 shall be submitted regularly and shall also be put in the web site of the Institution.

3. The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the Puducherry Pollution Control Committee as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of EC conditions and shall also be sent to the SEIAA and respective Regional Offices of MoEF & CC by e-mail.
4. The Project Proponent will be responsible for operation and maintenance and implementation of all the environmental safeguards for the project.
5. Environmental Cell shall remain functional to supervise and monitor all the environmental aspects of the project.
6. The proponent shall strictly adhere to the Environment Sustainability and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) related guidelines of the OM No. J-11013/25/2014-IA.I dated 11.08.2014 by the Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India with respect to the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014. Concerns of the communities being affected by the project are to be responded on priority and all possible CSR is to be rendered to make the responses effectively beneficial.

V. Other Specific Conditions:

1. The Environmental Clearance issued shall be subject to final order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in the matter of Civil Appeal No. 7191-7192/2015 as may be applicable to this project and decision of any Competent Court to the extent applicable.
2. Since the construction has been commenced without obtaining Prior Environmental Clearance, as already intimated by SEIAA, Puducherry Pollution Control Committee shall take credible action against the Project Proponent by invoking powers under Section 19 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 for taking necessary legal action under Section 15 of the Act for the period for which the violation has taken place.

PART B - GENERAL CONDITIONS:

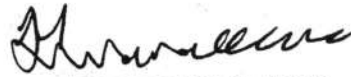
1. The project authorities should advertise with basic details at least in two local newspaper widely circulated, one of which shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned, within 7 days of the issue of clearance. The press releases shall also mention that a copy of the clearance letter is available with the Puducherry Pollution Control Committee and also at website of SEIAA, Puducherry. The copy of the press release should be forwarded to the Regional Office of the Ministry of Environment and Forests located at Chennai and SEIAA, Puducherry.
2. The Project Proponent shall submit a copy of EC to the District Collector's Office, Tehsildar's Office, Office of the concerned Commune Panchayat / Municipality, Puducherry Pollution Control Committee and District Industries Centre who in turn shall

- display it at the office for 30 days. The copy of the Environmental Clearance letter shall be displayed on the website of the Puducherry Pollution Control Committee.
3. The clearance letter shall also be put on the website of the Institution by the proponent.
 4. The applicant shall remit one time processing fee to be prescribed by the SEIAA in course of time towards the EC processing fee for the proposal which will be intimated later.
 5. The environment safeguards and monitoring schedule as contained in the EMP should be implemented in letter and spirit & there will be no departure from the final project proposal as approved herein.
 6. The funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and shall not be diverted for other purpose. Year-wise expenditure shall be reported to the SEIAA.
 7. Officials from the Regional office of MoEF & CC, SEIAA and Puducherry Pollution Control Committee who would be monitoring the implementation of environmental safeguards should be given full cooperation, facilities and documents/ data by the project proponents during their inspection. A complete set of all the documents submitted to SEIAA should be forwarded to the Regional office of MoEF & CC and Puducherry Pollution Control Committee.
 8. The project proponent shall submit six monthly reports on the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions including results of monitored data (both in hard copies as well as by e-mail) to the Regional office of MoEF & CC, SEIAA and the PPCC. This shall also be put on the website of the company / organization by the proponent.
 9. In the case of any change(s) in the scope of the project, the project would require a fresh appraisal by SEIAA.
 10. The SEIAA reserves the right to add additional safeguard measures subsequently, if found necessary, and to take action including revoking of the environment clearance under the provisions of the Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986, to ensure effective implementation of the suggested safeguard measures in a time bound and satisfactory manner.
 11. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department, Forest Conservation Act, 1980 and Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 etc. shall be obtained, as applicable by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
 12. These stipulations would be enforced among others under the provisions of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and control of Pollution) act 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability (Insurance) Act, 1991 and EIA Notification, 2006.
 13. Any appeal against this clearance shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

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PART C – VALIDITY:

The validity of this Environmental Clearance is for **Seven years** from the date of issue of EC.


(M.DWARAKANATH)
Member Secretary (SEIAA)
U.T. of Puducherry

Copy to:-

1. The Secretary to Government (Environment), Chief Secretariat, Puducherry.
2. The Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhavan, CBD-cum-Office Complex, East Arjun Nagar, New Delhi 110032.
3. The Chairman, SEIAA, U.T. of Puducherry.
4. The Chairman, SEAC, U.T. of Puducherry.
5. The Member Secretary, Puducherry Pollution Control Committee, 3rd Floor, PHB Building, Anna Nagar, Puducherry – 5
6. The Additional Principal Chief Conservator of Forests (C), Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Regional Office (SEZ), 1st and 11nd Floor, Handloom Export Promotion Council, 34, Cathedral Garden Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai – 600034
7. Monitoring Cell I A Division, Ministry of Environment & Forests, Paryavaran Bhavan, CGO Complex, New Delhi 110003.
8. The Member Secretary, Puducherry Planning Authority, Puducherry.
9. The Commissioner, Oulgaret Municipality, Puducherry.
10. Standing Guard File.